LOCAL DEBT AND TAXATION IN NEW-YORK DEBT, STATE TAX AND SCHOOL TAX IN MACH COUNTY -BONDED DEBTS OF COUNTIES, CITIES, VIL-LAGES AND TOWNS-PRELIMINARY. REPORT OF

THE CENSUS BURNAU.

*IST TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Mr. Robert P. Porter,

pecial agent in charge of the "wealth, debt and taxation division " of the Census Office, has completed the preparation of a preliminary report show-ing the assessed valuation of real and personal property, the bonded and floating indebtedness and total taxation of the counties, cities, villages and no in the State of New-York. The table which lows shows the total debt and taxation by counfollows shows the total deut and that the smount of in-ties. The debt statement shows the amount of in-debtedness on the 31st day of December, 1879. The taxation is for the year ended September 30, 1880. School district indebtedness and taxation are not included. There are about 14,000 school districts in the State, from about 10,000 of which reports ave been received, but the results have not yet been compiled. No attempt was ever before made to obtain statistics of school district indebtedness, and the subject is one which presents many difficulties. Sinking funds and other property available or set apart for the extinguishment of deut are not included in the table. The total assessed valuation of real property is \$2,326,669,813; of personal property, \$352,469,320; aggregate, \$2,679,139,133. The "estimated true value" of real and personal property is not given. In the following table fractional parts of a dollar have not been included, but their sum is carried into the footings :

Counties,	Total Debt.	except school tax.	State school tax
Albany	85,052,500	\$1,190,684	\$75,230
Allegany	193,700	110,661	12,384
Втоопе	432.845	218,244	14.284
Cattaragus	82,300	128,347	14.482 26,977
Cayuga	1,012.990	287,063	23,181
Chatauqua :	670,200		14,156
Chemung	464,650 1,818,479	292,649	17,207
Chenaugo	335,530	142,780	9,248
Conton	662,276	283,313	30,435
Celumbia	553,125	118,303	9.725
Cortland	1.070.996	201,598	12,370
Delaware	2.345.947	493.054	45,897
Dutches3	0.404.076	1,557,297	89.108
Erie.,	92,700	107.182	9.685
Essex	33,800	107,182 96,308	7,323
Fulton	342,010	103,650	5,782
Genesee	149,813	121,742	19,154
Gn 'ne	474,941	128,867	9,999
Hamilton	8,005	24,825	868
Herrimet	57,802	140,261	16,249
Jefferson	1.199,203	334.892	23,967
Kings	46,510,775	5,141.015	278,687
Lewis	157,180	97,614	8,385
Livingston	397.435	177,808	19,593
Madison	944,330	185,078	16,374
Monroe	6,421.334	1,150,543	60,675
Montgomery	45.700	160,974	16,505
New-York	142,446,700	23,304,832	1,382,155 21,872
Ntagara	625,600	266,630 568,494	48,965
Oceida	1,328.444	277 496	52,826
Onondaga	2,070.501 263,759	777,496 194,556	25.071
Ontario	1,444,437	421 000	40,003
Orange	184,453	131,783	14.406
Oriens	2,257,623	654,924	22,444
Dawego	820,600	181,391	18,762
Dtsego	8,500	40,866	7,457
Putnam Queens	2,632,700	707,228	41,960
Rensselser	1,989,635	863,888	45,517
Richmond	996,300	324,142	12,216
Bockland	17,500 626,260	81,094	12.217
Baratogn	626,260	268,377	20,695
Bohenectady	249,688	117,895	9.489
Behoharle	273,888	94,638	8,979
Bohuyler	1.000	54,918	6.305
Beneca	310,600	98,865	13,388
Bteuben	261,890	235,545	19,450
St. Lawrence	387,231 181,350	264.136	22,598
Buffolk	181,350	114.619	15,978
Sallivan	595,941	103,844	4,925
Tioga	418.600	140,896	9.870 12.877
Tomplans	A 707,468	187,764	20,960
Ulster	2,372,879	561,114 75,897	
Warren	151,895 35,008	134.148	5,146 21,840
Washington	621,453	184,784	22.836
Wayne	3,045,871	1,003.028	73,544
Westchester Wyoming	418,050	96,687	11,573
Xates	85,436	89,302	11.815
A	001200	Outoos	

The only county which has no county or town in lebtedness is that of New-York, which possesses no waship organization, and in which the county and city organizations are coextensive and identical so far as financial matters are concerned. The counties which have town indebtedness exceeding one illion dollars are Westchester, which reports \$1,139,899 bonded debt; Delaware, which reports \$1,048.900; and Chenango, which reports \$1,732,200. Hamilton County reports only \$650 of own and \$7.355 34 of county indebtedness, making otal of \$8,005 34. The debt of Schuyler County onty \$1,000, all town indebtedness, Putnam County reports \$6,000 of county indebtedness and \$2,500 of town indebtedness, making a total of

The following table compares the bonded indebtiness of counties, cities, villages and towns in 1872 and 1879, and shows also the floating debt in 1879. The figures for 1872 are taken from the report of the Committee of the Constitutional Commission, submitted February 28, 1873:

Organisations.	Bonde-l debt 1872.	Bonded debt 1879.	All other debts 1879
Counties	\$46,685,364	\$11,604,675	\$786,634
Dittes 7,500 inhabi- tants and upward Dities and villages	187,539,609	208,787,710	7,075,868
habitants	2,204,700 25,167,781	1,781,950 18,601,930	29,771 100,576
		2010 000 100	

Total \$211,697,354 \$240,773,267 \$992.811 Fractional parts of a dollar are omitted from the tement, but are included in the footings ere is a discrepancy of nearly \$3,000,000 beby the Committee and the total given in another part of the same report, where the amount is placed at \$214,314.676. According to the New-York State Census report of 1875 the total indebtedness of the counties, cities, villages and flowns on June 30, 1875. was \$244.070.850. The sinking funds amounted to \$32.598.355. leaving a net indebtedness of \$211,570,995. The sinking funds are now estimated to amount to about \$38.000.000. leaving a net indebtedness estimated at \$210,766.118—a decrease between June 30, 1875, and December 31. 1879, or \$804.879. Between 1875 and 1880 the assessed valuation of taxable property increased from \$2,169,705.765 to \$2,679,139.133—a gain of \$509,433.368. According to the report of the Committee of the Constitutional Commission in February, 1873, the total bonded debt of the counties, cities, villages and towns of New-York was \$214.314.676.58, and the assessed valuation of real and personal property was \$2,124.034,143.46. The bonded indebtedness in December, 1879. was \$34,451.442.29 greater, and the assessed valuation of property \$555,104.990 greater that in December, 1872. In the latter year the amount of sinking funds reported was \$25.978,-147.65, or \$12,021,852 less than in 1879.

The following table shows the indebtedness of the principal cities of the State of New-York June 30. by the Committee and the total given in another

The following table shows the indebtedness of the principal cities of the State of New-York June 30, 1675, and December 31, 1879, together with the amount of taxation for purely municipal purposes only. The statement of indebtedness for 1875 is taken from the New-York census report of 1875:

Oities.	Debt 1875	Debt 1879.	Taxation (Municipal.)
Albany	83,555,000	\$4,421,000	\$554.780
Anboro	\$50,000 862,500	587,490	118,285 79,001
Binghamton Breoklyn Buffalo	37,799,000	299,500 42,717,500	3,420,379
Buffalo	4,885,281 132,000	8,292,321	H03 974
Coboos	132,000	8,292,321 197,000	803,974 84,276
DEBRICK ****	112,225	212,500	63,000
Cleus Pulis	\$10,610 \$4,000	270,400 125,000	96,146 16,957
Glovotsville	none	80,000	9,000
Hornelisville	68,500	2,000	28.526
E mison		321,250	82,432
Ithica	96,000	83,000	38,599
amestown	none	none	16,000
Kingmen	675,280	644,880	61.572
Lookport	be report	112,000	61.550 141,650
New burg	357.600	313,400	79.048
	142,0:43,256	142,446,700	20,935,926
Ogdensburg	135,000	135,000	56,824
Port Richmend	1,301,400	1,292,923	215,791
Poughkeepale	2.003.297	1,939,197	172,886
Port Jervis	pene	hone	17.714
Bochester	4,893,186	5,440,686	728,958
Econo	220,000 190,525	150,000	24,219
Baratoga Aprings	111,000	297,600	50,408
S chenectady	1.239.000	1,851,600	84,617
Dror.	1,201,000	1.155,000	435,112
Uuca	825,000	\$66,000	170,279
Watertown	292,800	407,500	41,924
West Troy	B000	2000	46,841
Youkers	1,028,548	1,468,000	207,152

Totals...... \$206,048,507 \$215,915.678 \$29,265,690 The total bended debt December 31, 1879 was 208,839,710 33, and the floating debt, 7,075,868 59. The total indebtedness, regardless sinking funds, was \$9,869,071 92 greater on cember 31, 1879, than it was on June 30, 1875; scember 31, 1879, then it was on June 30, 1875; it the sinking funds, which amounted to 2,198,590 in 1875, had increased to \$38,000,000 the close of 1879, so that the total actual net inbtedness on the latter date was \$4.067,601 92 sater than it was in June, 1875, showing an insection of the close of the state of the state of the state of the state of \$3.021,000 a year, and a property of the state of \$3.021,000 a year. See 120,111; at the end of 1879 it amounted to 3,021,955 50—an increase of \$4,901,844 50.00 by debt in 1875 was \$113,903,144; in 1879 was \$11

The sinking fund of Brooklyn in 1875 amounted to \$3,328,121; in 1879 it was \$4,677,500, being an increase of \$1,349,379. The net don't in 1875 was \$34,470,879; in 1879 it was \$38,040,000, being an increase of \$5,3569,121. The City of Baffalo reported no sinking fund in 1875, when the debt amounted to \$5,385,281; the debt now, regardless of any sinking fund which may have been accumulated since 1875, is \$8,292,321, being an apparent increase of \$2,907,040. The other cities which reported sinking funds in 1875 were: Albany, \$320,348; Port Richmond, \$1,500; and Troy, \$428,450. The total taxation for general purposes, as reported in the first table, is classified as follows:

State. County Cities of 7,500 inhabitants and upward. Places containing less than 7,500 inhabitants Town and township.	29,262,203 47
Total	\$45,982,207 64 2.945,199 55
Aggragata	\$48,927,407 19

PROSPECTS OF THE FAIR.

THE DISAPPOINTED COMMISSIONERS. QUIET REIGNS IN THE BOOMS OF THE COMMISSION

-WHO WAS FIRST SUGGESTED AS PRESIDENT. It would have been hard to find a quieter place in the city 3 esterday than the rooms of the World's Fair, at No. 317 Broadway. The few Commissioners who strolled in looked exceedingly forlorn. No subscriptions to stock came in, although notice was received that Minnesota had appropriated \$25,000 for her exhibit. According to the list of subscribers furnished to THE TRIBUNE, less than forty of the Commissioners representing this city, who number nearly one hundred, have taken any of the stock. The amount subscribed for by these is about \$130,000. The names of the subscribers, according

Frederic A. Potts.
R. G. Roiston.
J. H. Rutter.
Thomas Ratter.
Charles Schlesinger
G. H. Schwab.
H. G. Stebbins.
W. L. Strong.
A. S. Sullivan.
F. L. Talcott.
James Talcott.
Albert Tit.
John P. Fownsend.
W. A. Wieelock.
Benjamin A. Willis.
Joseph Cornell.
W. R. Grace.

One of the Commissioners said yesterday, in speaking of the probable resignation of General Grant: "General Grant said last Wednesday, when he was at the regular meeting of the Commission, that he was greatly disappointed and surprised at the slow progress of the subscription list. He also said that he still believed that Central Park should have been selected as the site, and he thought that success would then have been immediate and certain. I do not remember whether he told the Commissioners plainly that he intended to resign immediately, but he certainly gave them the impression that he would."

Another Commissioner said to a TRIBUNE re-

he certainly gave them the impression that he would."

Another Commissioner said to a Tribung reporter: "We have been greatly disappointed in General Grant's popularity. We thought when we elected him president that we had assured the success of the Fair. You know when we offered the presidency to William H. Vanderbilt—"

"But I don't know. This is the first time I ever heard that you did." said the reporter.

"We offered the presidency to Mr. Vanderbilt, and he declined it and told us to offer it to Grant. We told him that General Grant would not be able to entertain as the president of the World's Fair should. Vanderbilt answered that he would see to that. We accordingly followed his advice and

should. Vanderbilt answered that he would see to that. We accordingly followed his advice and offered it to General Grant. We did so under the impression that he was popular enough to insure the taking of all the stock. Lustend of that, he has been a drawback to us."

"Whom do you think that the presidency of the Fair will be offered to when General Grant resigns?"

"I don't know; Mr. Vanderbilt or Hugh J. Jewett.

The man who ought to have been president was Cyrus W. Field."

Cyrus W. Field."
Several other Commissioners expressed the opinion that the resignation of General Grant would not injure the prospects of the Fair. They imparted this information under the solemn piedge, however, that their names should not be given.

A FIGHT AT THE BALL OF THE RAMBLERS. The first annual ball of the Ramblers' Association

was held Thursday night at Terrace Garden. Everything passed off smoothly, and dancing continued without interruption until about 2 o'clock yesterday morning, when a great commotion was heard near the entrance, which upon investigation was found to have been caused by Philip Smith, a mem-ber of the organization, who was endeavoring to his way in without paying the usual charge at fight soon followed, the president, Thomas Duffy, and the secretary, Themas Bennett.taking an active part. Roundsmen Dabbeck and Quigley soon arrived at the garden, and by a vigorous use of their clubs quelled the disturbance and arrested Duffy, Bennett and Smith. They were arraigned before Justice Murray, at the Yorkville Police Court, yea-terday, and in addition to a severe reprint and terday, and in addition to a severe reprimand Smith was fined \$10. Duffy and Bennett were dis-

THE LEONARD STREET THIEVES.

The men who were arrested Wednesday night at No. 153 Leonard-st. on suspicion of being umplicated in numerous burglaries committed on Long Island and in New-Jersey since January last, were arraigned before Justice Bixby, in the Essex Market Police Court, yesterday. Henry Meiger and Patrick Knox were given into the custody of Long Island officers who had warrants for their arrest. Louisa and Adam Miller were discharged, there being no evidence against them. The seven others were remanded.

RESULT OF A BAR-BOOM FIGHT.

In an altercation in a bar-room at One-hundredand-eighth-st, and Third-ave., at a late hour Thursday night, between William H. Powers, of No. day night, between William H. Powers, of No. 1,695 Third-ave, and William Callahan, of One-hundred-and-twenty-eighth-st. and Harlem River, the former struck Callahan with a soda-water bottle, fracturing his skull. The injured man was taken to the Ninety-ninth Street Hospital, where he now lies in a critical condition. Shortly after the assault Detectives Smith and Thompson arrested Powers. He was arraigned at the Harlem Police Court yesterday, and was committed by Justice Power to await the result of Callahan's injuries.

CRYING OVER THE LOSS OF HER DIAMONDS. At the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday morning, Miss Albertina Gray, of No. 57 West Thirty-fifth-st., accused Philip Levi, age twenty-eight, ty-fifth-st, accused Panis Levi, age twenty-eight, of No. 12 West Eleventh-st, with having stolen a pair of diamond earrings, valued at \$500, from her house on Thursday evening. Justice Flammer did not credit the story of Miss Gray, the substance of which was given in yesterday's Tribung, and therefore discharged the prisoner. Miss Gray cried piteously when the case was dismissed.

A YOUNG THIEF WHO WENT WEST.

Theodore E. Smith, age seventeen years, under pretence of being a District Messenger, was intrusted by Robert M. Herring, of No. 38 Broad-st., with 8700 in coupons of St. Louis City to collect. He cashed them at the National Bank of the Republic, and with the proceeds went West with a companion. After spending all the money Smith returned to this city. He was arrested and yesterday pleaded guilty. Judge Gildersleeve. in General Sessions, sentenced him to the Elmura Reformatory.

THE HUDSON OPEN.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 18 .- Information received from below here shows that the ice gorge between Stuyvesant and the lower Kinderbook Light has been broken and the tee moved away This opens the river to New-York.

The plie dykes, which the Government spent so much money in erecting last summer in the river below this city, were mostly destroyed by the late freshet. The dykes were composed of single rows of piles, spiked and boiled together at the top with a piece of joist. When the water rose the ice lifted the piles from ther bed, and ever since they have been thinning out and floating down the stream, people on each side of the river gath-ering the timber for firewood and other purposes.

REPORT OF CAPTAIN WILLIAMS.

Captain Williams reported 'yesterday that in sixteen working days of the present month his men removed 46,938 loads of ashes and 11,485 loads of street dirt as a cost of \$28,142 22.

A poor old rheumatic lady said to her physician: "Oh! dector, dector, feaffer so much with my hands and feet?" "Be patient, deer maxism," he sooth mer responded, "you's suffer a great deal more without

AFFAIRS AT ALBANY.

GENERAL LEGISLATION. THE APPROPRIATION BILL ORDERED TO A THIRD READING-ME. SPINOLA PARING BADLY-THE

MEXICAN BAILROAD BILL SIGNED. FROM THE REGULAR COMRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNS. ALBANY, March 18 .- Several inquiries have en made here during the past, week by owners of real estate in the northern part of New-York City as to the present state of Mr. Thilemann's bill authorizing Commissioner Thompson, of the Department of Public Works, to change the map of the city between One-hundred-andfifty-nintb-st, and One-hundred-and-screety-fifth-st, and east of St. Nicholas-ave, and the Kingspridge-road. This bill, which would if passed affect largely the value of some real estate, is, it appears, still in the hands of the

some real estate, is, it appears, still in the hands of the Committee on Cities, to whom it was referred.

Mr. Chickering, the chairman of the Assembly Committee on Ways and Menns, successfully steered the general appropriation bill through the rocks and shouls of debate in the Assembly to-day. The bill authorizes the expenditure of between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000, and, therefore, naturally explicat much interest. and, therefore, naturally excited much interest. The disposition of the Committee on Ways and Means, how ever, under Mr. Chickering's lead, has been to reject a 1 applications for the State's money that were not clearly based on good grounds. The committee has indeed adopted a parsimonious policy. The effect of ruling out all doubtful claims has been to lessen greatly the number of grumblers in the Leg-islature usually created by the introduction of the bill. The Democrats went through the form of making inquiry about certain of the appropriations, but when Mr. Chickering had explained the reasons for granting them the objections were usually withdrawn without saking a vote. Messrs. Benedict and Niles thought that \$50,000 was too large an amount for the maintenance of the new Capitol, and Mr. Benedict moved that the appropriation should be cut down to \$27,000. But it was quickly explained that the opening of the south side of the Capitol made an increased expenditure necessary.

Mr. Stanley Browne thought that the appropriation of \$121 for soap for the Legislature was suspiciously large Speaker Sharpe, in reply, said: " I would like to inquire if when Mr. Browne was private secretary of Lieutenant lovernor Dorsheimer, and the latter was a Capital Commissioner, the appropriation for soap was not much Mr. Browne did not reply, and the soap appropriation went unchallenged. Mr. Spinola also point out that the number of Capitol orderlies had been vastly increased, and expressed his pain at this manufacture of patronace. The criticism was unheeded. In the end the bill was ordered to a third reading by an aimost unanimous vote.

Mr. Duguid earned the gratitude of thousands of members of benevolent societies this morning by persuading the Assembly to pass his bill declaring that the private mutual insurance association do not come under the yoke of the insurance laws. Mr. Spinola objected to the consideration of the bill; whereupon Mr. Duguid appeal of the Assembly. By a nearly unanimous yote the members voted to consider the bill at once in Committee of the Whole, examined it there a moment, ordered it to a third reading and passed it—over the head of Mr. Spinola Mr. Spinola then tried to make himself universally disagreeable. He objected to the consideration of everything for which unanimous consent was asked. Throughout the remainder of the day the Assembly had this obstacle in its path. But bils were passed over Mr. Spinola's head by a great majority, and other business was transacted without his consent. Mr. Spinola's party associates vojed against him throughout the day, showdo not come under the yoke of the insurance laws. Mr.

this obstacle in its path. But bills were passed over Mr. Spinola's head by a great majority, and other business was transacted without his consent. Mr. Spinola's party associates voiced against him throughout the day, showing that he has become the outcast of the House.

The Assembly Committee on Public Health, through Dr. Fenner, their chairman, asked for permission to go to New-York City to continue their investigation as to the origin and flight of oleomargarine, or imitation butter. Mr. Skinner said that if he was a manufacturer of oleomargarine he should certainly layor such an investigation. The Legislature for two mouths had been giving oleomargarine producious advertisements. A merchant had told him that it was worth \$50,000 to the company. He thought oleomargarine ought to be stamped, and beyond that the Legislature abould do nothing. The statement had been made before the Committee the day before that 20 per cent of butter and 80 per cent of oleomargarine could be so mixed as not to be distinguished from butter till after a very careful chemical analysis. The only remedy for the crime was for the farmers to make a higher grade of butter. It might be well to pass a law to compel farmers to make good butter. Dr. Fenner replied that it was admitted that there was a dangerous product on the market, not dangerous to be sith butter. He could see no reasonable objection to making a careful investigation of the subject. The Assembly then granted its permission to the committee to carry on their investigation in Mew-York.

The following bills were introduced to-day: By Mr. Niles-Amending the Lien Law.

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ave., Brooklyn.

By Mr. Hayes-Providing for the annexation of North

Ave., Brooklyb.

By Mr. Hayes—Providing for the annexation of North Brothers I-land to the County of New-York.

The following bills were reported:

To incorporate the Metropolitan Trust Company of New-York. To provide for the collection, or inpud taxes and necessments in Brooklyn. To discontinue Spayten Duvyii Parkway and lay out a street instead. Amonding the charter of Newburg. Authorizing the Mayors of New-York and Brooklyn to grant licenses to keepers of sailors hottles or boarding-houses in said cities. To provide for the abstement of nuisances by Boards of Hesith in cities, villages and towns. To authorize the burial of the bedies of any honorably discharged soidiers, sailors or maximes who shall die without leaving sufficient means to defray functal expenses.

The bill to suppress the sale of intoxicating liquors in Steuben and Schuyler Counties was reported upon adversely, and the report was agreed to.

The following bills were reported avorably in the Senate: Relative to exits from theatres in New-York City: providing for deficiencies in the funds of the several departments of the City of Buffalo.

The following bills were introduced in the Senate: By Mr. Straham-Relative to assessments in New-York City. It provides that whenever any street or avenue shall be opened or improved in that portion of New-York lying south of Fourteenth-st., by due authority of law, the Commissioners of Estimate and Appartionment shall assess the expense therof upon any lands or tenements they may deem benefited; provided no such assessment shall exceed 30 cents per square foot. By Mr. Lynde-Bott.

ister.
The bill requiring Justices of the Peace to execute bonds was passed in the Sounts.
The Governor has signed the following bills:
Incorporating the Mexican Southern Railroad Company: embling the Lagie Fire Company, of New-York, to hold real estate; relative to appeals from Surrogates' Courts.

Courts.

In the Canal Board to-day a resolution was referred to Superintendent Dutcher and Engineer Seymour which proposes that all lumber destined to points beyond the tide water offices shall be cleared only by weight, and before boats loaded with lumber not thus cleared shall be allowed to pass into the Hudson River the toils on such cargoes shall be determined and adjusted by weight.

FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION.

SUDDEN DESTRUCTION OF A MISSISSIPPI RIVER TOW BOAT-SEVERAL LIVES LOST.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 18 .- The towboat John Means, of the St. Louis and New-Orleans Transportation Company, on the way to St. Louis. exploded her botlers last evening, just above Osceola, Arkansas, ninety miles up the river, and sunk out of sight almost immediately. She carried a crew of twenty-six men, four of whom-John Seals, pilot, a deck-hand and two firemen, Germans—are missing, and are supposed to be drowned. Charles Purcell, the pilot on watch at the time of the accident, was blown into the river and had a time of the accusent, was blown that the river and had a leg broken; Thomas Cannon, a deck-hand, had his skull fractured; William R. Wooldridge, second cook, was scalded on the need and legs; Capitain McClelian was slightly bruised on the head.

When the boat sunk, five barges loaded with railroad from and block tin, which she was towing, floated on down the river. Capitain McClellan and the wounded men were brought here this morning by the Beile of Memphis.

Memphis.

Later investigations of the disaster only show the gross neglect of the engineers of the ill-lated steamer. Her boilers were in a leaky condition ever since passing Vicksburg. Some repairs were made here last Wednesday, but the boilers still leaked. Her tow was very heavy and at times & was almost impossible for her to stem the current. Morris Fitzgerald is the name of a deck-hand who is missing. It is impossible to obtain the names of the two firemen. When last seen John Sesis, the pilot, was standing just over the boiler when it exploded.

APPLAUDING ASSASSINATION.

MEETING OF SOCIALISTS AND NIHILISTS IN GERMANIA BALL.

The Socialists and Nihilists of New-York held another mass-meeting Thursday night to express sympathy with their political friends in Russia and to rejoice over the assassination of the Czar. Long before 8 o'clock Germania Hall in the Bowery began filling with an eager crowd, among whom were many women, and by the time the first speaker, Dr. Donai, took the platform fully 1,000 persons were present. Dr. Donai's speech was in the main an apology of the course adopted by the Nthilists in Russia, and more especially for the Czar's assasination, which last he termed an execution by popular justice. An assassin, he said, seldom if ever exposes himself to the danger of being arrested; he lies in wait for his victim, and dispatches him from behind; his motives are never unselfish and laudable, but criminal in the extr. me. But the Nihilists did not take Alexander II. by surprise.

S. E. Schevitch, editor of The Volks Zeitung, was then introduced. His first words, in German, were: "Fellow-citizens, I came to speak of a death, but I must now first speak of a resurrection. All remember that a year ago the papers were filled with accounts of the demise of Nicholas Tehernichevsky, that great andproble patriot, on the steepes of Siberia. I have just learned from an anquestionable source that Tebernichevsky is still alive. While his torturer has received his just time, this clevated soul still exists, shedding its lostre around and brightening the hearts of the unhappy beings which escoppess it."

The burst of applause that followed this announcement was indescribable. It roverberated throughout the entire building and made the rafters of the Historical to be Second Licentenant of the bith Artilicry; Second Licentenant of the bith speaker, Dr. Donai, took the platform fully 1,000

oof tremble. When the excitement had somewhat abated, Mr. Schevitch began his formal speech. He attacked the life and doings of the Czar, and sepecially the "so-called" liberation of the serfs. The third speaker was a Russian refugee who has lately arrived in New York. Resolutions approving the assassination of the Csar were adopted at the close

FORTY-NINE TROTTERS BRING \$18,000.

The auction sale of trotting horses at the Amerian Institute Building was concluded yesterday. Better horses were offered than on the previous day, and the prices obtained were higher. Forty-nine animals were sole, and they brought, in the aggregate, \$18,000. The stallion Hambletonian Bashaw was not affered because of the refusal of his owners to sign the necessary contract. The sales yesterday were mostly from owners already mentioned in The Thiburs. The following are the more valuable animals disposed of: Luxury, a brown yearling colt by Sminggler, dam Bluebell, bought by H. C. Woodmut, Mineoth, L. I., for \$400. Victorine, a black three-year-old filly by Rollo, dam Peggetty, was bought by D. W. Woodmansee of St. Paul, Minn., for \$600. Love Knot, a bay yearling filly by Sminggler, dam Molly Whitefoot, excited a lively bidding contest between W. S. Gurney and H. C. Woodmat, and was struck off to the latter for \$1,100, the highest price of the day. Romney, a brown mare, five years old, by Volunteer, dam Hindoo, was bought by Mr. Woodmansee for \$900. Helix, a chesinut mare nine years old, sold for \$310. Magnet, a handsome six-year-old stallion by Magnolia, dam Mischief, with a record of 2:4012 was bought by W. H. Winkelbach, of this city, for \$825. Emily R., a brown mare, eight years old, by Peacemaker, dam Jenny Lind, was bought by Mr. Woodmansee for \$600. Heleise, a black mare: seventeen years old, by Chirton Pilot, dam by Mambrino Chief, was sold, with her young colt by Ironsides, for \$550, to E. Smith, of Lee, Mass. Zalie, a bay mare six years old, by Peacemaker, dam Star Queen, a handsome driver, was bought by Mr. Woodmansee for \$475. Anna C., a chestuat mare by Chostocs, dam by Othello, brought \$430. Emily A., five years old, by Peacemaker, dam Star Queen, a handsome driver, was bought by Mr. Woodmansee for \$450. Levity, a black yearling filly, with Smuggler and Rysdy's Hambletonian for grandstree, was bought by B. F. Tracy, of Brooklyn, for \$290. Leadstone, a bay yearing colt by Smuggler, dam Ideoise, for \$540. Levity, a black yearling filly, with Smuggler and Rysdy's Hambletonian, for \$290. Leadsto Better horses were offered than on the previous day, and the prices obtained were higher. Forty-nine

THE VALE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION.

A LIVELY MEETING LAST NIGHT AT DELMONICO'S-MEMBERSHIP IN THE UNIVERSITY CORPORATION. The Yale Alumni Association held its fifth

ocial meeting of the present season at Delmonico's last night, and spent nearly three hours in transacting business of importance to the association before devoting any ttention to the refreshments provided by the caterer. The constitution of the association was amended so as mations of candidates for admission before election by the Executive Committee; and also so as to give the same committee the power to expel members for cause.

A series of resolutions on the death of Benjamin K. Phelps, reported by a committee previously appointed, A discussion of the coming election of a member of the University Corporation followed. Mason Young, of the Paculty, spoke of the great need of securing a member who would bring to the position not only ability and public standing, but also a willingness to work. He deplored the inefficiency of the corporation as at present constituted, with members scattered all over

constituted, with members scattered all over the United States, and with the administration of affairs peculiarly within their province denuted to instructors.

General Joseph L. Jackson said that he could almost wish that there was a way by which members who wers recreant to their trust, as many of the present corporation certainly were, could be expelled. He contrasted the laxity of the fluoreal administration of Yale with the carnestness and skill displayed at Harvard and Princeton, and said that things had come to such a pass that even he was forced to question whether or not he ought to send his sons there.

The outcome of the discussion was the adoption of two resolutions; the first, offered by the Rev. G. S. Plumley, providing that at some meeting previous to the time for each snaund namination of a member of the corporation a free conversation on the subject take place; and the other, moved by General Jackson, requiring the Committee on the University to report at the next regular meeting of the association what, in its judgment, are the proper qualifications for members of the corporation, and to add to the report the names of one or more persons when they can recommend for nonination.

qualifications for members of the corporation, and dd to the report the names of one or more persuated in the can recommend for nomination. The omittee in question is composed of Cornegus Vansvoord, Edward C. Delaya ., Alexander H. Clapp, Tho M. North and William B. Ross.

ARMY AND NAVY ORDERS.

WASHINGTON, March 18 .- Acting Assistant Surgeon T. J. C. Maddox, U. S. A., has been ordered to of Common Pleas to restrain Mr. Campbell from cutting spread from this city to Governor's Island. New-York off the water supply. The case was tried before Judge proceed from this city to Governor's Island, New-York Harbor, and report in person to the Commanding General of the Department of the East for assignment to

Marine Corps, has been detached from the Marine Bar-Marine Corps, has been detached from the Marine Barracks at the Boston Navy Yard, and ordered to duty at the Marine Barracks, New-York Navy Yard.
Lieutenant E. S. Houston has been ordered to examination for promotion. Passed Assistant Surgeon Samuel H. Dickson to the Naval Hospital at Philadelphia; Commander George B. White has been detached from duty as inspector of the Fourth Lienthouse District on April 1, and ordered to settle his accounts. Commander Frederick Rogers from his present duties and ordered as inspector of the Fourth Lighthouse District on April 1.

First-Lientenant A. C. Kelton, United States Marine Corps, will be detached from the Marine Barracks, at League Island, on the 22d that, and ordered to refleve First-Lieutenant F. Scott as commander of the Marine Guard of the United States steamer Alasks, at Panama. Pirat-Leuienant F. Scott as commander of the Marint Guard of the United States steamer Alaska, at Panama Captain George Frewn has been detached from the commander Joseph E. Craig, Lieutenants Joseph G. Eaton and Harry N. Manney, Master William E Sewall, Chief Engineer James W. Thompson, jr., Passackastathe Lagineers Albert W. Morley and H. L. Slosson, Carpenter Gould Northrup, Salimaker J. C. Chavalier Engineer W. B. Venton and Ridgely Hant, Cadet Midelip men Daniel F. Menefel, John A. Mudd, Leigh O. Garrett Lohn B. Rijsh, Paymaster Charles F. Guild, from the men Daniel P. Menefel, John A. Mood, Leigh O. Gartes and John B. Bitab, Paymaster Charles F. Guild, from the Alaska, on the reporting of their relief, are ordered to return home. Passed Assistant Engineer Robert G. Taylor is de-tailed from the Norfolk Navy Yard, and placed on wait-

NOMINATIONS.

WASHINGTON, March 18 .- The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day:
Julius 8. Hanever to be Collector of Customs for the Dis-trict of Fairfield, Coun.
Joseph Hirst to be Collector of Customs for the District of St. Marks, Fla.
Philip Roppler to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the
VIth District of Missouri. Panip Doppler to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the Vith District of Missouri.

George H. Starbuck, of New-York, to be Supervising Inspector of Steam Vessels for toe Hid District.

Postmasters—Chauncey H rris at Elizabeth, N. J., Francis G., Parke at Coateswille, Penn., William R. Saker at Bristol, Penn.; James at Shasrman at Menominee, Mish. Robert E., Fiske at Heiena, Montana Territory; Robert C. Carmen at Marshill, Texas; Joseph E. Wilkinson at Sidney, Ohio; John G. Magaw at Coshocton, Ohio; James A. Auldman at Indiangpoits, Ind.; W. L. Harvey at Minneapolia. Eastern Starbury, Villey, Mish. Army—Niglor C. L. Beat to be Colonel, 1st Artillery; Captain Larenzo Loraine, 3d Artillery, to be Major, 1st Artillery; First Lieusenani Frank W. Hess, 3d Artillery, to be Captalo, 3d Artillery; Second Lieutenant John R. Williams, 3d Artillery, to be First Lieutenant, 3d Artillery; Louvenant-Colonel John M. Brannan, 1st Artillery; to be Colonel, 4th Artillery Icolumnant Tolonel John M. Brannan, 1st Artillery, to be Colonel, 4th Artillery. Icolumnant Tolonel Tolly, lato First Lieutenant, etc., to be First Lieutenant of Infanty.

CONFIRMATIONS.

WASHINGTON, March 18 .- The Senate, in executive session to-day, confirmed the following nom-

John W. Powe'l, of Illinois, to be Director of the United John W. Fower, of thisons to be pirector of the United states Geological Survey, vice Circune King, resigned. E. G. Pierce, fr., to be Postmaster at Portsmouth, N. H. Hiram Barbet, Pr., of Illinois, to be Receiver of Public Moores at Niteach, Dakota.

George W. Jones, jr., of Ohlo, to be an Assistant Paymaster

Moners at Mitchell Dukota.

George W. Jones, Pt., of Ohlo, to be an Asastant Paymaster
in the Navy.

Array-U.F. Wenkebach, of the Discrict of Columbia, to be
a second Lieutenant in the 6th Regiment of Infancry: Second
Lieutenant William M. Medcalle, of the 4th Artislery: Second
Lieutenant William M. Medcalle, of the 4th Artislery: Second
Lieutenant William M. Medcalle, of the 18th Artislery: Second
Lieutenants of infinance: Second Lieutenants (organiser)

K. Harrison and George E. age to be First Lieutenants of
Artislery: Second Lieutenant Charles H. Hunter, of the 19th
Infantry, to be Second Lieutenant of the 1st Artislery: Second
Lieutenant J. W. Benet, of the 18th Infantr. to be Second
Lieutenant J. W. Benet, of the 18th Infantr. to be Second
Lieutenant of the 5th Artislery: Second Lieutenant William
Haird to be First Lieutenant, of h Cavairy; First Lieutenant
Henry M. Kendall to be Captain, 6th Cavairy: second
Lieutenant John G. Ba.ance to be First Lieutenant of Infan
ray; Assistant Surgoon H. E. Brown to be surgeon, with the
rank of Major.

After confirming the above nominations, the Senate referred all the nominations remaining unacted upon to
appropriate committees.

THE COURTS.

THE TELEGRAPH SUITS.

REARING IN THE ACTION BROUGHT BY RUPUS HATCH. A hearing was had yesterday before Judge Speir on the motion for a continuance of the temporary injunction granted in the new suit brought by Rufus Hatch in the Superior Court against the telegraph companies, the directors of the Western Union Company and the Union Trust Company, in effect to restrain the execution of the agreements of cousoildation made by the directors and ratified by the stockholders of the telegraph

Ex-Judge Pullerton, Robert Sewell and William A. Beach appeared as counsel for Mr. Hatch, Wager Swayne, sx-Judge Dillon, A. J. Vanderpoel and Everett P. Wheeler for the telegraph companies, and George M. Miller and John E. Parsons for the Union Trust Company. Aaron P. Whitehead, of the firm of Martin & Smith, Mr. Halch's attorneys, made a brief statement of the plaintiff's case as contained in the complaint and affidavits, which were already before the Court. Mr. Whitehead, in concluding his statement, expressed the tope that personal allusions to his client would not be indulged in by the counsel on the other side, as he inferred was their intention, and called their attention to the maxim that "those who live in glass houses should not throw stones." Mr. Wheeler then read the answers, affidavits and other papers prepared on behalf of the defendants in opposition to the injunction asked for by Mr. Hatch. In the answer of the Western Union Company, which

in substance corresponds with the answers of the other defendants, it is alleged that 100 of the 500 spares of Western Union stock owned by Mr. Hatch were bought by him only one day prior to the date of the first agreement of consolidation and with the knowledge that it was in contemplation and substantially agreed to; and the other 400 shares three days after the signing of the agreement. The Western Union Company, it is averred, will be able, under the contract of January 19, 1881, to preserve the American Union Company in its full corporate life and being, and that it is its intention so to do. The American Union Company can continue to own, us done before the sale sought to be enjoined. The statute obstacle to the consolidation did not confer the authority under which the American Union Company erected or maintained its lines' nor does the Western Union Company intend to hold and manage the property purchased from the former com pany by virtue of this statute, but bases its authority to do so upon another law of Congress, approved July 24, 1866. It is further alleged that the capital stock of the Western Union Company has actually been increased to \$80,000,000, and that Mr. Hatch has exchanged certain of his stock in the American Union Company for the stock of the former company, as provided for in the agreement of January 19. The other allegations in the answer consist substantially of specific denials of those contained in the complaint. Mr. Wheeler read the deposition of George S. Scott, of No. 28 West Frity-seventh-st. Mr. Scott refused to make an affidavit, and recourse was had to the Court for an order to take his deposition. He says he had youversation with Mr. Hatch at No. 24 Broad-st., Tureday last, March 15, and that Mr. Hatch told him that it Bassell Sage, Sidney Dillon and some others would buy out his interest in a certain company and give him his price he would discontinue his infigations against the teiggraph companies. Mr. Scott said that it was his understanding that the declaration of Mr. Hatch was made to him to use as an inducement to Mr. Sage and others to gurchase Mr. Hatch's interest in the company in regard to which the conversation was had. Mr. Hatch also spoke of a suit of his against the American Union Telegraph Company, and said he was "going to follow it up for fun." During the pendency of the suit in the Supreme Court against the American Union Company Mr. Hatch told Mr. Scott that he had offered to self out his interest in that company.

The deposition of Janes B. Houston, a former partner of Mr. Hatch, who also refused to make an affidavit except upon an order from the Court, was also read. He said he had conversed a great many times with Mr. Hatch in regard to the consolidation of the companies, and that Mr. Hatch had always advocated it. On the morning after the temporary injunction was granted by Justee Barrett, Mr. Hatch went to the house of Mr. Housion and declared to him his intention of serving the order unless the persons interested would pay him the price of Western Union stock then current (which was about 110) for his American Union stock, the price of western Union stock then current (which was about 110) for his American Union stock, the price of western Union stock then eurrent (which was about 110) for his American Union stock, the price of western Union stock then eurrent (which was about 110) for his American Unio answer consist substantially of specific denials of those contained in the complaint. Mr. Wheeler read the deposi-

Mr. Sewell read an affidavit for Mr. Hatch, in which all, seven the answer, that he had caused his American Union stock to be exchanged for the new stock of the Western Union Company is deniced. Cwing to the lateness of the hour at which the reading of the papers was completed, it was impossible to go on with the argument proper, and an adjournment was taken until this morning at 10 o'clock.

WATER METRES IN FLAT HOUSES. Allan Campbell, as Commissioner of Public

Works, ordered the supply of Croton water to be cut off from an apartment house at Fifth-ave, and Fifty-second-st, because the owner refused to put a water metre upon the service pipe at his own expense. The house was occu pied by ten families, and was supplied with steam boilers for the purpose of supplying power to operate one or more elevators. Charles Purdy and others, as executors of the owner of the house, began an action in the Court Van Brunt at Special Term, who yesterday handed down a decision in which he holds that Mr. Campbell had no authority to do the act complained of, and grants an injunction against its continuance. Judge Van Brunt says Jonetion against its continuance. Judge Van Brunt says that the house in question is beyond doubt a "tenement house" as it can make no difference in the eye of the law as to the character of a house whether its occupants pay 56 a month or 8600. It is also equality beyond doubt that a tenement house is a private dwelling, and that as the law of 1871 takes away from the Commissioner of Public Works the power to put water metres into private houses at the expense of the owners, Mr. Campbell had exceeded his authority. B. H. Shannon, and E. F. Builard appeared for Mr. Purdy, and D. J. Dean and E. H. Lacombe for Mr. Campbell.

GENERAL PINCKNEY'S WILL.

The will of the late General Joseph C. Pinckney has been offered for probate in the Surrogate's office. It was executed on February 22, 1881, while General Pinckney was iil, and the akmature was subscribed in a very feeble hand that scarcely made the testator's name legible. The will directs \$1,000 to be expended or the burial lot of the decedest; that his daughter, Mary Caroline Ludlow, have a life interest in the house and lot at No. 168 East One-hundred-and-twenty-second-st.; that the three children of his deceased brother, Benjamin F. Pinckney, have a life interest in the house and lot at No. 166 East One-hundred-aud-twenty-second-st.; and that No. 164 East Que-hundred-and-twenty-second-st. be that No. 164 East One-hundred-and-twenty-second-a, be given in the same way to his sater, Mary Aon Turnbull. To his "faithful house-keeper, Annie Benson," the decement gave absolutely his house and other property at No. 27 Stay-vesant-st., "subject to a mortgage held by the Burrogate." The will gives the house No. 180 East One-hundred-and-tweaty-second-st. to "Joseph Conselyea, son of Auna Gallagher"; the testator's minitary equipments and commissions to his brother, Waiter Pinckney, in addition to \$1,000 in cash, and \$1,000 to each or the exceutors in addition to their legal tees. The residuary estate is to be divided according to law. The executors are C. C. Pinckney, Charles W. Fuller and George B. Pinckney,

CIVIL NOTES.

John Cullen, an artist, recovered vesterday a judgment for \$75 in the Marine Court against Bryan . McSwyny who, he claimed, had employed him to paint his picture. Mr. McSwyny admitted the original contract, but says that he revoked the order before any werk had been done upon the painting. Mr. Cullen did not remember the revocation, and the jury thought that as he had done the work he ought to be paid for it.

Alexanber P. McCue died recently leaving a will in which he disposes of his entire estate, amounting to about \$65,000. The income of the estate, with th excaption of a small annuity, is given to his wife during the property was to go in equal shares to five Roman Catholic institutions, namely, St. Mary's Church, The Cathode institutions, namely, St. Mary's Cource, The Caureh of the Holy Redeemer the Church of St. Bose of St. Sima, the Church of the Mother of Sorrows and St. Micrael's Monasiry, in Hobosen. Objections to the probate of the will were filed by Catherine Bentine, Mary Bostern, nieces, and Thomas Riely, a nephew of the testion. It is enamed that the will was not signed by the deceased man. The Rev. Father Richard Brennan and Owen J. Ward, the subscribing wineses, were examined yesterday and testified to its due execution.

THE COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, March 18 .- In the Court of Appeals o-day-present, the Hon. Charles J. Folger, C. J., and ssociates—the following business was transacted: No. 67—Elias W. Van Voorhis and another, executors, etc., appellants act. Sarah A. Brittinali and others appellants and Elia Thers and another respondents; argued by George W. stevens and D. M. Porter for appellants, Richard Busieed, Jr.

stevens and D. M. Forter for appellants, Richard Busbeed, Jr. for respondenta.
No. 106—Sarah E. Steele respondent agt. David V. Benham. Sheriff, etc., appellant; argued by E. W. Gardner for appellant, if enry M. Faeid for respondent.
No. 139—The Mctrophtan Life Insurance Company respondent agt. Sarah J. Secoct. impleaded, etc., appellant; artued by it. C. M. Ingraham for appellant, William tienry Arnoux for respondent.
The following is the day calendar for Menday, March 21, 1881; Nos. 143, 147, 149, 148, 152, 155, 158 and 109.

DECISIONS-MARCH 18.

DECISIONS—MARCH 18.

Suppeme Court—Chambers—By Judge Lawrence.—
Gebrard agt. Canada Southern Railroad Company—Where is
the band which the statute requires to be presented in applications of this character? Fire Department. art suppreserThe defendant consenting order is to be entered to take affect
April; is immends agt. Hine—Notion gained with \$10 costs.
Hallott agt. Hallett—I desire to have the summons and conleight in this action. Bedford agt. Firein-Order 38 outlied.
Fice k agt. Luce—Methor granted. Farringing and dispersage.
Storenson—Greg granted. The Browers and Green's Bank
agt. Meirings—I was some further evidence as to the grouerty of Mr. Meiringsh bedure signing this crize. Voll agt.
Behramm—Report of reisree continued. Hammag. Libly—I

opert : N granted. Term.—By Judge Van Vorst.—Eiling wood het. Saam and others.—Findings of het sam conclusions of lar satisfiand others.—Findings of het sam conclusions of lar satisfiand. Smith etc. bgt. Platt.—Molios statted and other signed. Fewerkty's not sonothers.—Independent for plantif on the democrate with shorter to the defendants to answer opinion. Attrill agt. the locarway Beach improvement Company—See memorandum.

Common Platas.—Special Term.—By Judge Beant.—

Fagan agt. the higger, etc.—See memorandum.

By Judge Van Brutt.—Amsinck sgt. Northrup.—Order set. thed as within.

Equity Term.—By Judge Van Brunt.—Pardy agt. Campbell.—See memorandum.

See memorandum.

Marine Court - Chambers - By Judge Hawes - Reliv agt, Muxico - Haben granted opening default and setting cause down for trial April 11. Kolmas agt. Whileke - Motion denied with \$10 costs to plantiff to ablief the event. Eastwood agt. Debaon: Delano agt. M. dilair - M. ottons granted. Bruoil agt. Coleil- Opder on remistion: Mayer agt. Event. Grococog. Murdok agt. Delano agt. M. dilair - M. ottons granted. Grococog. Murdok agt. Sellengander art. Senden. Stein agt. Salinger - Orders of discontinuation. Mariander art. Senden. Brueil act. Colella-Order on remission. Mayer act. Armanorder granted for have to cell. Gunn act Pope Pest act.
Grecococy, Murdock act. Sutberland; Alexander act. Bender,
Stein agt. Sainuger - Orders of discontinuance. Missman agt.
Rhinehart-Order signet. Crawford agt. Regist.-Metion denied without costs. Budd agt. O'Nell-Chuse set down fer
trial March 25. Asset befer agt. Siegel-Order stanted. Page
agt. Adams; Woods act. Moore, Feligroff act. Downing. Fatnin agt. Summers; Kuts act. Alian. Waring act. Deflectage.
Cooper agt. Oiver: Thurston agt. Davidson; Cummins act.
Rsymond: Tarry agt. Gibbons (2 cases; Burmston agt. Med.
Rsymond: Tarry agt. Gibbons (2 cases; Burmston agt. Med.
Griffitts, Fletcher agt. Unippricel. Les agt. Downbus. Hendricks
act. Smith: Adams agt. Woods, Miller agt. Parsons. Parrighagt. Cuthca: Same agt. Morken agt. Rt.
Himon; Davies agt. McKenna Mattlage agt. Green: Fletcher
agt. Rosenthal: May agt. Rawlinger Ganbon agt. Strong.
Borges act. Bichter Glasts agt. Thompson: Savare agt. Andersom; Houghton agt. Kudal); Jackson agt. Haud; Ryle agt.
Shane; Same agt. Lomper; Blaco agt. Kenyon, Parrish agt.
Shane; Same agt. Lomper; Blaco agt. Kenyon, Parrish agt.
Shane; Same agt. Lomper; Blaco agt. Kenyon, Parrish agt.
Shane; Same agt. Lomper; Blaco agt. Kenyon, Parrish agt.
Shane; Same agt. Lomper; Blaco agt. Kenyon, Parrish agt.
Shane; Same agt. Lomper; Same agt. Morohan; Cuuningham agt.
Pagen. Same agt. Lomb: Same agt. Morohan; Cuuningham agt.
Prine: Mennerich agt. Strangs, Cochran agt. Kilson Hart agt.
Casaidy; Rettig agt. Walsh; Sett'e agt. Tully; Snook agt.
Sear; Berke agt. Vy-Nell Same agt. Sarsield; McMman agt.
Choles; Woods agt. Marka: Steffas agt. O'Toole; Pape agt.
Taggert; Same agt. Jolly-Grantee.

CEDIPUS TYRANNUS AT HAR . ARD.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE PRESENTATION OF THE PLAY IN THE ORIGINAL GREEK BY THE FACULTY AND STUDENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT OF THE PRIBUNE. and other preparations for the performance of the "Œdipus Tyranna," of Sophoeles, are in softwe progress. As has already been announced the play will be given by the faculty and students of Harvard in Sandra Thanks. ders Theatre, Cambridge, on the eveniuss of May 17, 19 and 20. The principal part, that of Chipus, is taken by Mr. George Riddle, instructor in elecution in the Upiversity; the other parts are taken by the students, as follows: Jocasta, Opdycke, '80; Priest Manna. Boy, Master Charles Goodwin; Teiresias, C. Guild, '81; Messenger, Roberts, '81; Screant, Lane, '81. Professor John Williams White has the general direction of the play, and Professor John K. Paine will have full charge

of the orchestra and chorus.

The entire stage will be occupied by the actors. The present seats in the orohestra or pit will be removed and the altar is to be put in the centre of the floor thus made vacant. It is around this altar that the dramatic chorus perform their simple movements. The musicians will be placed in the middle of a semictroular inclosure to be formed by a railing extending directly in front of

will be placed in the middle of a semicircular inclosure to be formed by a railing extending directly in front of the balcony rail, and about ten feet from it: the supplementary chorus will be situated at the two ends of this semicircle. The scene ha a front of a Greek palace, about two stories high, provided with projecting wings and three doors. Mr. Van Brunt, of the firm of Wars & Van Brunt, Boston, the architects of Memorial Hall, is the designer.

The contract for making the costumes has not yet been awarded but the work will probably be done in Boston. There are about forty of them in all. In arranging these, the gentlemen having the matter in charge have received great assistance from several ladies in Cambridge and also from Mr. Frank Milles of the Art Museum. The dress of Jocasta is especially noticeable. The whole representation will follow the antique tradition as far as possible. Great pains, low, ever, have been taken to avoid anything radiculous. There will be no attempt to make the theatre appear open to the heavens, and likewise masks will be discarded. The object of the anchean mask was to assist the adjustment of the mantelpiece so as to make the voice sufficiently distinct. In Sanders Theatre no such arrangement will be necessary.

It has been runored that the play would be reproduced in New-York and Washington, but such is not the fact. The presentation of the play has been attended with far greater expense than was anticipated, and the additional expense necessary to give it in these places renders such action inexpedient.

BEET SUGAR IN NEW-YORK.

ESTABLISHMENT OF A COMPANY FOR ITS MANUFAC-SCHENECTADY, N. Y., March 15.—The first

beet sugar con pany in tals State was organized here today. Among the directors are ex-Senator Charles Stan-ford and H. C. Havemeyer, of New-York, and F. L. Ames and Henry B. Blackwell, of Boston. Mr. Blackwell is the treasurer of the Maine Beet Sugar Company, at Port land, Me., which is about to discontinue operations there on account of the unfitness of the soil for the production of beets. It is believed that Schenectady will prove to be an admirable location for a beet sugar actory on account of the rica lands of the Mohawk Valley, which produce the roots in abundance, and also on account of produce the roots in abundance, and also on account of the canal, which will furnish a convenient means of transportation. Much land in this vicinity has for years past teen devoted to the culture of broom-corn, which now has become unprofitable through the appreciated value of real estate and increased Western competition. The proposal to substitute sucar beets is accordingly well received by the farmers. Last year about 200 acres were plauted with beets in different sections of the valley to test the adaptability of the soil, and the results were enturely satisfactory, both as to quality and quantity per acre. In some cases the percentage of sacchaning matter in the roots was extraordinary, reaching as high as 16.86 per cent. This excels the boat beets raised in Europe, 10 per cent being the usual yield there, while 13 per cent is considered high.

When some of the members of a Belgian regiment were in London, some time ago, Lady Eurdett-Couts entertained them at her vills, Holly Lodge, where every man was presented with a tract and a cicar. "How kind of ge lady," remarked one of the brave Brabanters, who did not comprehend the nature of the publication given to him, "not only to geef us so smoke, but to provide also se papaire for to lide ze cigar vid!"

European Abvertisemente.

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